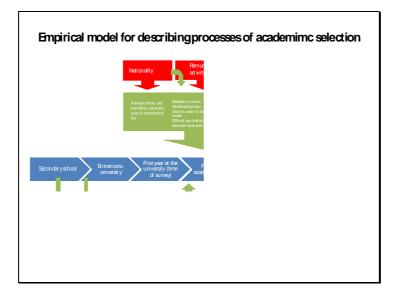




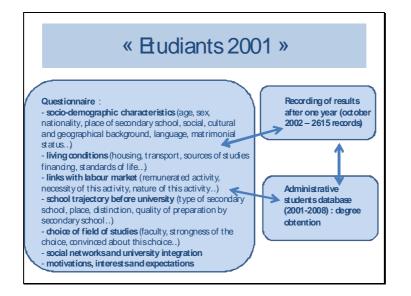
## University drop out as a new social question

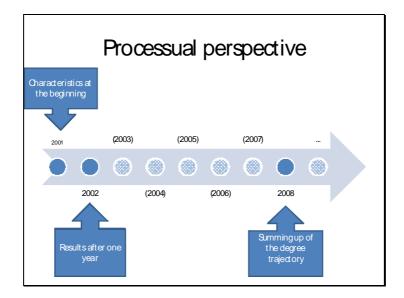
- More and more discourses
- More and more studies
- More and more measures
- Let's notice that this problem is not a new one. In fact, stability of these rates.
- But massification of universities products also massification of academic failures.
- Our research try to understand :
- Which factors play a role
- By which processes they play this role



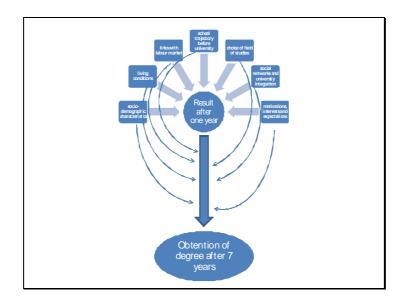
## « Erudiants 2001 »

- New students at the university of Geneva (students in their first year)
- The entire targeted-population (not a sample)
- 2724 students concerned
- 1686 respondants (response rate : 62%)
- After one year (2002) : recording of each academic result (promotion, repeating, still in course, elimination, dis-registration)
- After seven year (2008) : recording whether each student obtained a degree (which degree and when)





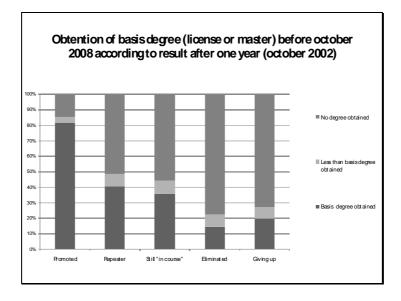




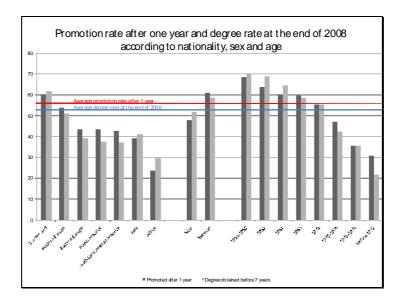
| Folie | 8 |
|-------|---|
|-------|---|

| First year academic results |      |      |                               |  |  |
|-----------------------------|------|------|-------------------------------|--|--|
|                             | N    | %    | Responses rate for the survey |  |  |
| Promotion                   | 1458 | 55.8 | 74.8                          |  |  |
| Repeating                   | 348  | 13.3 | 60.3                          |  |  |
| Still « in course »         | 162  | 6.2  | 57.4                          |  |  |
| Bimination                  | 233  | 8.9  | 48.5                          |  |  |
| Giving up                   | 414  | 15.8 | 32.1                          |  |  |
| Total                       | 2615 | 100  | 62.7                          |  |  |

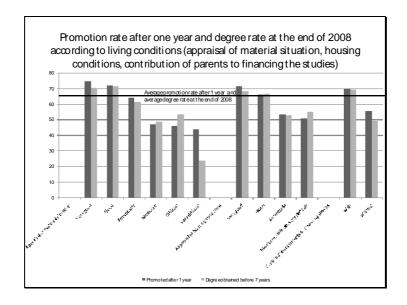




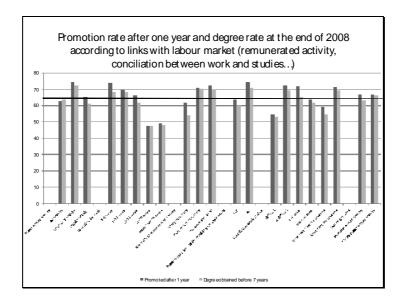




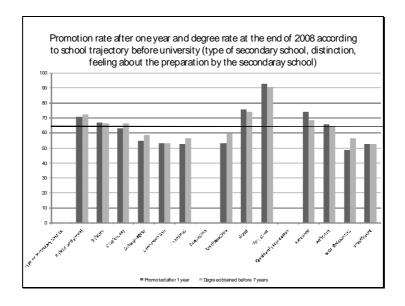




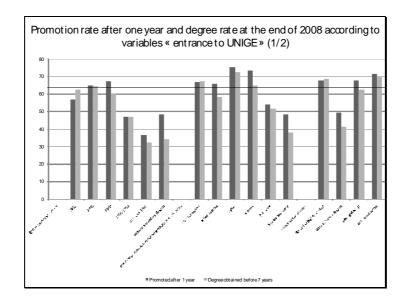




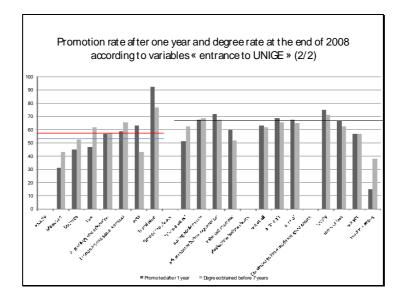




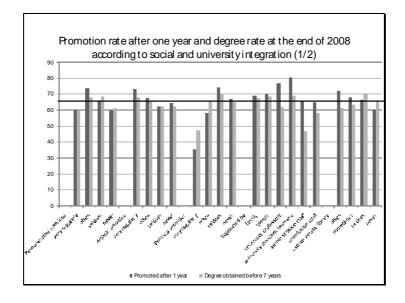




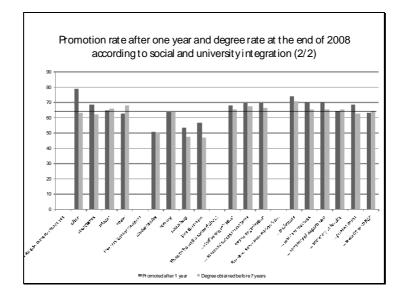




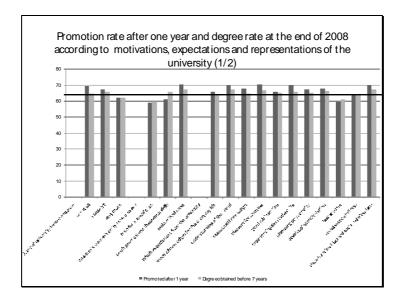




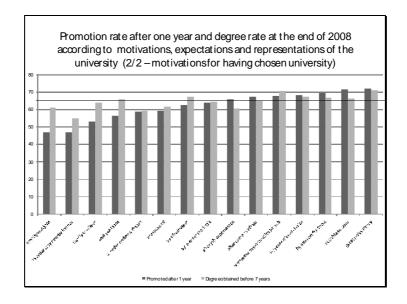
Folie 17











# Which kind of factors are influent?

| -Nationality   |    |
|--|----|
| -Year of birth   |    |
| - Living conditions  |    |
| - Remunerated activity   |    |
| - Secondary school   |    |
| - Interruption   |    |
| - Previous university degree   |    |
| - Faculty  |    |
| - Conviction of having made the good choice                                |    |
| - Commitment in « student job » (particularly contacts with professors)    |    |
| - To have diverse social insertions(relationnal, activities, leasure, job, |    |
| institutionnal)  |    |
| - To aim polyvalency   |    |
|  | T. |

Which factors are influent after 1 year ...but no longer (or less) influent after 7 years?

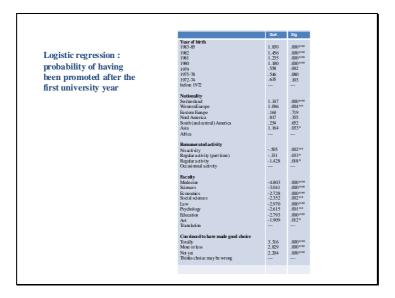
- Interruption

- Entrance to UNIGEvariables - Social activities

- Job of student (« métier d'étudiant »)

- Motivations and expectations for university





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Folie 23
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